Health and safety COVID-19 risk assessment update for 3rd December 2021

Carried out by: Vicki Dumont, Nursery Manager Date updated: 03/12/2021

Who is at risk:	Level of risk:	Control measures and person(s) responsible:	Review:
All staff, children, parents,	05/21 England	Limit the number, proximity and duration of social contacts, increasing close contact gradually.	
visitors are at risk. May be at	risk Level 3	Meet outdoors where possible and let fresh air into the buildings.	
high risk from coronavirus:		Clean surfaces that people touch regularly.	
are aged 70 or older, are	19/07/21	Face coverings should be worn in communal areas in all settings by staff, parents, carers and visitors, unless	
pregnant, have a learning	England Stage	they are exempt. We will have a small contingency supply of face coverings for those who do not have access	
disability, have a lung	4	to or have forgotten their face covering.	
condition that's not severe		Ensure that staff, parents, children and visitors who are unwell do not attend the nursery / workplace.	
(such as asthma, COPD,	30/11/21 R	Everyone must self-isolate if they are told to do so by NHS Test and Trace. Those who have been fully	
emphysema or bronchitis)	range for	vaccinated or are under 18 years and 4 months old will need to take a PCR test as soon as possible if they are	
have heart disease (such as	England	a close contact of a positive case, but might be exempt from the requirement to self-isolate. Any suspected or	
heart failure), have high	1.0 to 1.1.	confirmed close contacts of the Omicron variant will be asked to isolate for 10 days regardless of vaccination	
blood pressure	Growth rate	status or age. They will be contacted directly and told to isolate and book a PCR test.	
(hypertension), have	range for	All adults in England have now been offered a COVID-19 vaccine. The coronavirus (COVID-19) vaccines are	
diabetes, have chronic	England	safe and effective. They give you the best protection against COVID-19. If you have not yet received the	
kidney disease, have liver	-1% to +2%.	COVID-19 vaccine, you should get vaccinated. Booster vaccines are also being offered to over 18s.	
disease (such as hepatitis),		Testing twice a week increases the chances of detecting COVID-19 when a person is infectious - helping to	
have a condition affecting	In general, the	make sure you don't spread COVID-19. Rapid lateral flow testing is available for free to anybody, but is	
your brain or nerves (such as	risk of	particularly focused on those who are not fully vaccinated, those in education, and those in higher-risk	
Parkinson's disease, motor	catching or	settings such as the NHS, social care and prisons.	
neurone disease, multiple	passing on	Regular hand washing is an effective way to reduce your risk of catching illnesses, including COVID-19. It is	
sclerosis, or cerebral palsy),	COVID-19 is	particularly important to wash your hands after coughing, sneezing and blowing your nose, before you eat or	
have a problem with your	higher in	handle food, after coming into contact with surfaces touched by many others, after coming into contact with	
spleen or have had your	crowded and	shared areas such as kitchens and bathrooms, and when you return home.	
spleen removed, have a	enclosed	Anyone unwell without COVID-19 symptoms, or with a negative COVID-19 test result may still have an illness	
condition that means you	spaces.	which could be passed on to other people. Staying at home until they feel better reduces the risk that they	
have a high risk of getting		will pass on an illness to friends, colleagues, and others in our community. This will help reduce the burden on	
infections (such as HIV, lupus		our health services. Lateral flow tests will not be accepted when a PCR test is needed.	
or scleroderma), are taking		Clinically extremely vulnerable people are advised to follow the same guidance as everyone else.	
medicine that can affect		People arriving from other countries must quarantine and test as set out by the government. People who	
your immune system (such		qualify as fully vaccinated must quarantine and take a PCR test before the end of day 2 after they arrive in	
as low doses of steroids), are		England. People who are not fully vaccinated must quarantine at home or in the place they are staying for 10	
very obese (a BMI of 40 or		full days; and must take day 2 and day 8 COVID-19 PCR tests. People arriving in England from a red list country	
above)		must quarantine in a managed hotel and take 2 COVID-19 PCR tests; even if you are fully vaccinated.	
		Lateral flow tests will not be accepted when a PCR test is needed.	

This risk assessment is based on the Government guidance (COVID-19) Coronavirus restrictions: what you can and cannot do - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) accessed 13/07/2021 and updated following the new guidance in light of the discovery of a new variant of Covid-19, known as the Omicron variant on 29/11/2021.

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Person unwell with COVID symptoms or positive case,	High	If you develop COVID-19 symptoms, self-isolate immediately and get a PCR test, even if your symptoms are mild. You should self-isolate at home while you book the test and wait for the results. You must self-isolate if	
and their close contacts.		you test positive. Your isolation period includes the day your symptoms started (or the day your test was taken if you do not have symptoms), and the next 10 full days. This is the law.	
The most important		If you test positive you will still need to self-isolate regardless of your vaccination status or age.	
symptoms of COVID-19 are		Lateral flow tests will not be accepted.	
recent onset of any of the			
following:			
a new continuous cough			
a high temperature			
a loss of, or change in, your			
normal sense of taste or			
smell (anosmia)			